

VAMP

Feeder/Motor Manager

Series VAMP 230

VAMP 245

VAMP 255

VAMP 257





Main Characteristics

• Complete Protection

Comprehensive selection of protection functions for distribution network overhead line feeders, cable feeders, motor feeders including large motors, capacitor banks and reactors.

• Total Control

Extensive bay control functionality including local and remote control of six objects and status supervision of another two objects.

• Comprehensive Measurements

Wide range of measurement functions including phase and line voltages and currents, frequency, active, reactive and apparent power, active and reactive energy imported and exported, power factor, negative phase sequence current, etc.

• Power Quality Assessment

Power quality assessment and analysis including supervision of harmonics up to the 15th order, THD as well as voltage swells and sags.

• Fault Location

Integrated fault location with distance indication for short circuits in distribution networks irrespective of power network earthing system and earth-faults in compensated networks.

• Ultra-fast Arc Protection

Unique integrated arc fault protection functionality for enhanced safety of switchgear and substations to people and property.

• Extensive Communication

Large number of supported communication protocols including IEC 60870-5-103, Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU, Profibus DP, TCP/IP, SPA-bus slave, DNP 3.0 and IEC 61850*.

• Easy Handling and Management

Easy commissioning, configuration and operation of the relays supported by the straight-forward VAMPSET relay management software.

Application

The protection relays of the VAMP Series are used for the selective protection of overhead line feeders, cable feeders, motor feeders, capacitor banks, reactors and busbars in power system distribution substations, power plants, industrial power systems, marine and offshore installations. Besides a comprehensive range of standard protection functions the VAMP series also offers bay control, measurement, primary circuit monitoring and communication functionality.

A unique feature of the VAMP relays is the arc fault protection system integratable into the relays. The extremely fast arc fault protection option adds a new dimension to the total safety of the installation and the reliability of the protection system.

Further, the VAMP relays incorporate power quality assessment based on fast Fourier analysis and fault spot location based on fault reactance calculation.

Customer specific configuration is obtained by freely configurable mimic display and logic programming by means of the easy-to-use VAMPSET software.

After a network fault the relays support a subsequent fault analysis by providing event sequence recordings, fault value registration and disturbance recorder capability.

All this functionality and a comprehensive set of supported communication protocols make the VAMP Series an outstanding product portfolio on the world market of power system protection and control equipment.

*)available 2006

Quick selection table of VAMP feeder/motor managers

VAMP 230, 245, 255 and 257 are all suitable for applications where reliable control and protection is needed. The features of the products vary in the number of digital inputs and outputs and in the number of analog measuring channels.

| | VAMP 257 | VAMP 255 | VAMP 245 | VAMP 230 |
|--------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Analog measurement | 5xI 3xU | 5xI 3xU | 5xI 1xU | 5xI 3xU |
| Digital inputs | 26 (+2) | 18 (+2) | 6+(2) | 6 (+2) |
| Trip relays | 12 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Alarm relays | 1+1 | 5+1 | 5+1 | 5+1 |



Power Quality Assessment

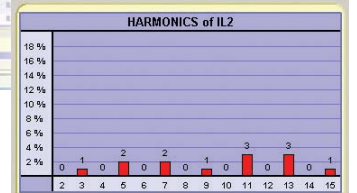
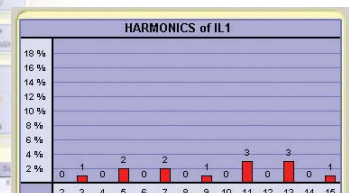
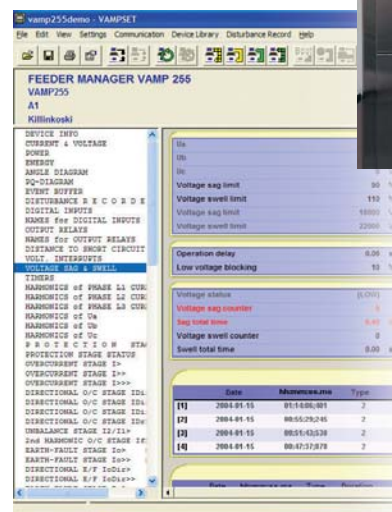
The power quality of electrical networks has become increasingly important in modern society. Sophisticated loads, such as computers and automation systems, require an uninterrupted supply of “clean” electricity.

The VAMP feeder managers are provided with integrated power quality measuring and analyzing functions, which help catching possible variations in the quality of the distributed power. The terminal supervises the harmonics of phase currents and voltages from the 2nd to the 15th order and the THD (Total Harmonic Distortion).

One of the most important power quality functions is the monitoring of voltage sags and swells. The VAMP feeder terminal provide separate **monitoring logs for sags and swells**. The fault log comprises four registers for voltage sags and another four for voltage swells.

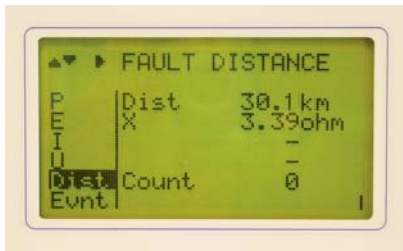
The disturbance recorder functionality can be used for recording measured currents, voltages and for recording status information of digital inputs and outputs, also including the signals of the arc protection system. The time stamped recordings provide indispensable information for the subsequent analysis of a fault situation.

Many functions in modern society rely heavily on electric energy and therefore the quality of the energy supply is gaining increased importance



Example of harmonics content and voltage sag/swell registration obtained from a VAMP feeder manager.

Fault Location

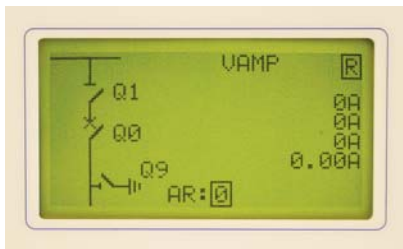


VAMP feeder managers provide accurate short-circuit fault location regardless of the MV network earthing method and earth-fault location in compensated networks.

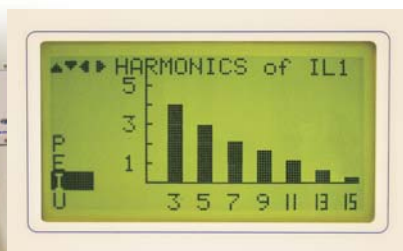


The feeder manager includes a sophisticated stand-alone fault location function. The algorithm used can accurately locate **short-circuits** in any type of distribution networks and **earth-faults** in compensated distribution networks. The fault location is given as a reactance value, and the distance to the fault is also displayed on the local HMI, optionally as a mA signal and as a message over the communication system. The distance value can be exported, for example, as an event to a DMS (Distribution Management System). The system can then locate the fault. If a DMS is not available, the distance to the fault is displayed in kilometres, as well as a reactance value. The calculation of the distance is based on reactance measurement and homogenous lines with a known line reactance. This feature of the VAMP relay is a very cost-effective upgrade of an existing system.

Measurement and Monitoring Functions



The VAMP feeder managers offer a complete set of measurement functions to replace the conventional metering functions of traditional switchgear and control gear installations. The measurement functions cover voltages, currents, frequency, power, energy, harmonics, voltage sags and swells, etc. The measured information can be read via the communication bus, via the configurable analogue outputs and energy measurements can be transferred via binary pulse outputs.



Besides the measurement functions the feeder manager also encompasses a set of system supervision functions. All current and voltage transformer circuits are continuously supervised, as are the trip circuits from the feeder manager to the circuit breaker trip coils. The wear and tear of the circuit breaker is also continuously monitored providing an alarm when the circuit breaker needs maintenance.



The critical data like latest events, voltage sag/swell logs, energy counters are stored in the **non-volatile memory** to guarantee preservation of the information in case the relay auxiliary power is lost.

The easy-to-use VAMP feeder managers are characterized by clear text parameters and multi-lingual support to facilitate normal relay management functions.



Communication

VAMP Ltd. is a communication expert with a wide experience in interfacing with different system integrators' and SCADA suppliers' RTU's, PLC's, gateways etc. using different protocols. Flexible adaptation of the communication protocols together with powerful and easy to use software tools are the key of successful integration. VAMP protection relays and the VAMPSET tool provide access to practically any power system information you may need.

for connection to the plant control system and maintenance terminal and one RS 232 port on the front panel for connection of a laptop computer.

The VAMP relays communicate using the most common industrial and utility standard open communication protocols. Both the communication protocol and physical media to be used can be freely selected after acquisition of the protection devices. Therefore VAMP relays are a perfect choice also when the communication capability of the relays is to be utilized sometimes later. You may select the protocol and media according to the system you will apply.

The VAMP feeder manager series feature three serial communication ports, two on the rear plate



The VAMP relays are easily interfaced with any renowned and recognized SCADA system

- Control and status of the process
- Events
- Measurements
- Fault location
- Time synchronizing using GPS

- Relay settings, configuration
- Fault and disturbance analysis
- Power quality monitoring
- Primary equipment condition monitoring
- Time synchronizing using GPS

- Protocols:**
- IEC 60870-5-103
 - SPA bus
 - ModBus RTU
 - Modbus/TCP
 - Profibus
 - DNP 3.0
 - TCP/IP
 - IEC 61850 *

IEC870-5-103, Modbus RTU, Modbus TCP, Profibus, SPA, DNP 3.0 or IEC 61850*.

- Physical Media:**
- RS 485
 - RS 232
 - Fibre optic
 - RJ 45



TCP / IP, RS 485 or fiber

*)available 2006

Functionality



| | IEEE no | IEC symbol | Function name | IEC, IEEE programmable curves | VAMP 230 | VAMP 245 | VAMP 255 | VAMP 257 |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--|---|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Protection functions | 50/51 | 3I>, 3I>>, 3I>>> | Overcurrent | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 50N/51N | I ₀ >, I ₀ >>, I ₀₂ >, I ₀₂ >> | Earth fault | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 67 | I _{dir} >, I _{dir} >>, I _{dir} >>>, I _{dir} >>>> | Directional overcurrent | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 67N | I _{0q} >, I _{0q} >> | Directional earth fault | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 46 | I ₂ /I ₁ > | Broken conductor | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 46 | I ₂ > | Unbalance | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 47 | I ₂ >> | Phase reversal / incorrect phase sequence | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 48 | I _{st} > | Stall | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 66 | N> | Frequent start | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 37 | I< | Undercurrent | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 49 | T> | Overload | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 59N | U ₀ >, U ₀ >> | Residual voltage | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 59 | U>, U>>, U>>> | Overvoltage | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 27 | U<, U<<, U<<< | Undervoltage | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 81O/ 81U | f><, f>><< | Configurable frequency | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 81U | f<, f<< | Under frequency | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 68 | 2.ha | Second harmonic stage /inrush | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 32 | P<<- | Reverse power | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 79 | | Auto reclose function | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 50BF | CBFP | Circuit-breaker failure | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 50AR | ArcI> | Arc fault protection | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | Capacitor bank unbalance | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | 25 | | Synchrocheck | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| 86 | | Latched trip | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | Programmable stages 1..8 | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| Measurement and monitoring functions | | 3I | Three-phase current | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | I ₀ | Neutral current | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | I ₂ | Current unbalance | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | I _L | Average and maximum demand current | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | 3U | Phase and line voltages | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | U ₀ | Residual voltage | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | U ₂ | Voltage unbalance | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | X _{fault} | Short-circuit fault reactance, Fault location | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | X _{fault} | Earth-fault reactance, compensated network | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | f | System frequency | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | P | Active power | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | Q | Reactive power | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | S | Apparent power | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | E+, E- | Active Energy, exported / imported | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | Eq+, Eq- | Reactive Energy, exported / imported | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | PF | Power factor | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | Phasor diagram view of voltages | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | Phasor diagram view of currents | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | 2nd to 15th harmonics and THD of currents | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | 2nd to 15th harmonics and THD of voltages | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | Condition monitoring CB wear | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | Condition monitoring CT supervision | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | | Condition monitoring VT supervision | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |
| | | Trip Circuit Supervision (TCS) | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | Voltage interruptions | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | Voltage sags and swells | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | Disturbance recorder | | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| Communication | | | Temperature | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | IEC 60870-5-103 | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | Modbus TCP | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | Modbus RTU | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | Profibus DP | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | SPA-bus communication | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | DNP 3.0 | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | Human-Machine-Communication, display | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | Human-Machine-Communication, PC | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| | | | Migration path to IEC61850 | | ■ | ■ | ■ | |
| Hardware | | | Number of phase current CT's | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | | | Number of residual current CT's | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| | | | Number of voltage input VT's | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 | |
| | | | Number of digital inputs | 6 | 6 | 18 | 26 | |
| | | | Number of extra digital inputs with the DI19/DI20 option. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| | | | Integrated trip supervision inputs | | | | 4 | |
| | | | Number of trip outputs | 2 | 2 | 4 | 12 | |
| | | | Number of alarm outputs (including IF) | 6 | 6 | 6 | 2 | |
| | | | Number of optional mA outputs | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| | | | RTD inputs | 4-16 | 4-16 | 4-16 | 4-16 | |

*) Option

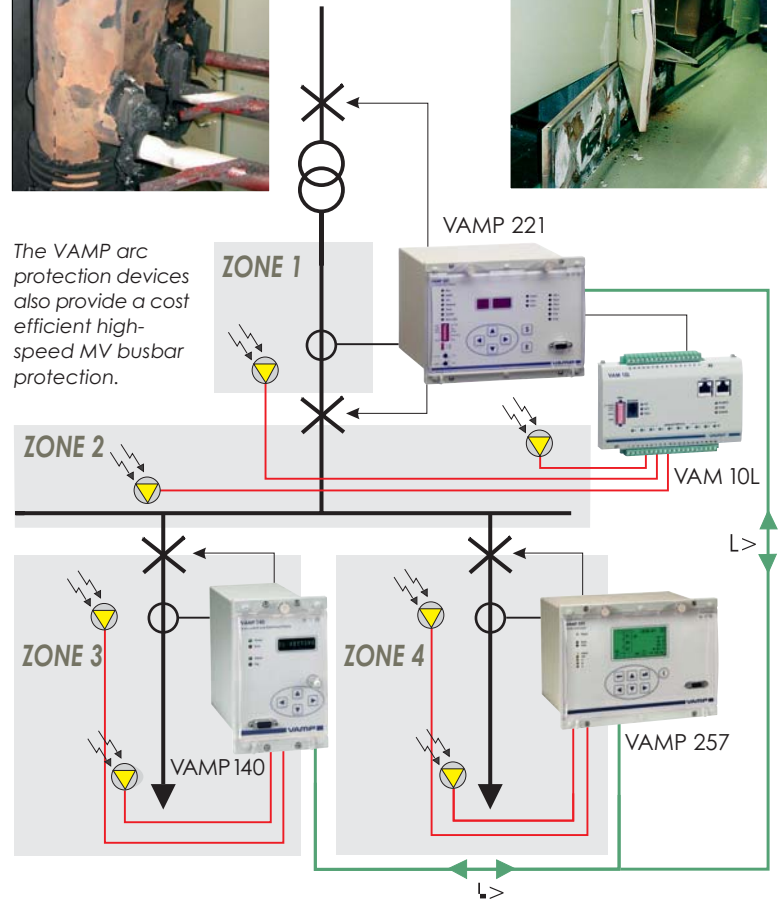
Arc Protection

Whether the time-grading or blocking based protection coordination principle is used, the traditional protection systems may not provide fast enough protection of substation faults. Further, high-impedance type of earth-faults may cause prolonged operation times of earth-fault relays leading to the significant release of the arcing energy. These facts pose a considerable risk to human beings and economical assets. By applying a modern, high-speed arc protection system the damage may be considerably reduced. Such an arc protection system is an optional feature incorporatable in all current measuring VAMP relays.

The VAMP relays measure the fault current. If the arc protection option is selected the relays also measure light via arc sensor channels monitoring the whole switchgear. Should an arcing fault occur in the switchgear the arc protection system provides an extremely fast tripping of the circuit breaker. The fault will be prevented from spreading and quickly isolated, which may save human lives and valuable economical assets.



Traditional protection relay systems do not provide fast enough protection in an arc-fault situations.



External led module VAM 16D

External led module provides 16 extra led-indicators in external casing. Module is connected to the serial port of the relays front panel.



```

UNDERFREQUENCY STAGE f<<
UNDERFREQUENCY STAGE f<<<
CB FAILURE PROTECTION
ARC OVERCURRENT STAGE
ARC EARTH-FAULT Io1 STAGE
ARC EARTH-FAULT Io2 STAGE
2nd HARMONIC O/C STAGE II:
O B J E C T S
AUTO RE-CLOSING
AR Shot settings
CBWEAR
CT SUPERVISOR
VT SUPERVISOR
RELEASE OUTPUT MATRIX LATC
OUTPUT MATRIX
BLOCK MATRIX
AUTO-RE-CLOSING MATRIX
EXTERNAL LEDES
OBJECT BLOCK MATRIX
L O G I C
N I M I C
S C A L I N G
STAGE EVENT ENABLING
EVENT MASHS for ARC STAGE:
EVENT MASHS for OBJECTS
EVENT MASHS for AR
EVENT MASHS for DIGITAL II
DI EVENT TEXTS
EVENT MASHS for EXTERNAL I
EVENT MASHS for EXT AI ALU
EVENT MASHS for LOGIC
LOGIC EVENT TEXTS
    
```

| EXTERNAL LEDES | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Ext. Leds State | On |
| Ext. Leds Mode | BlinkLatch |
| EXTERNAL LEDES | |
| | Lead 1 |
| | Lead 2 |
| | Lead 3 |
| | Lead 4 |
| | Lead 5 |
| | Lead 6 |
| | Lead 7 |
| | Lead 8 |
| | Lead 9 |
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| | Lead 96 |
| | Lead 97 |
| | Lead 98 |
| | Lead 99 |
| | Lead 100 |

| EXTERNAL LEDES | |
|-----------------|------------|
| Ext. Leds State | On |
| Ext. Leds Mode | BlinkLatch |
| | Normal |
| | Latched |
| | BlinkLatch |

Device Setup

Password:

Open password:

Allow reboot

Select language: English Firmware mode: 255

Language packet: Voltage mode: 2Line+Uo

Select communication protocol: None Select application: Feeder

Analog output: No Arc card: Yes

External LED panel: Yes Arc card type: 2Arc+BI/O

Programmable stages

There are now eight stages available to use with various applications. Each stage can monitor any analog (measured or calculated) signal and issue start and trip signals. Programmable stages extend the protection functionality of the manager series to a new level. For example, if four stages of frequency stages are not enough, with programmable stages, the maximum of 12 stages can be reached. Another example is using the stages to issue an alarm when there are a lot of harmonics (THD).

PROGRAMMABLE STAGE 1

Enable for Prg1
 Priority 20 ms
 Programmable stage 1 status -
 Enable forcing

Coupling THDIL1
 THDIL1 10.0 %
 Compare condition >

Set group DI control -
 Group 1

| | Group 1 | Group 2 |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| Pick-up setting | 15.0 % | 100.0 % |
| Pick-up setting | 15 % | 100 % |
| Operation delay | 0.50 s | 0.50 s |

Common settings
 Hysteresis 3.0 %
 No compare limit for mode < 0 %

PROGRAMMABLE STAGE 2

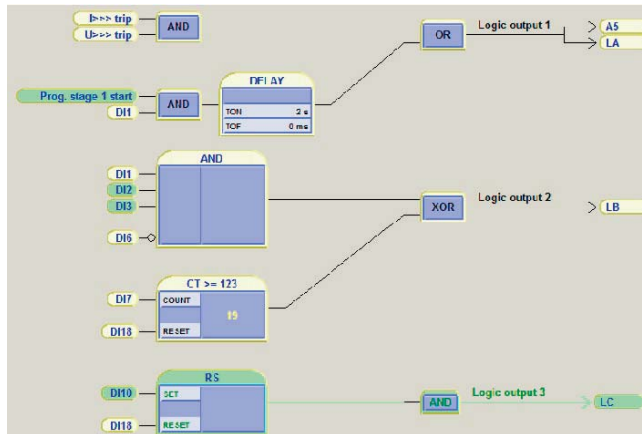
Enable for Prg2
 Priority 20 ms
 Programmable stage 2 status -
 Enable forcing

Coupling P
 P 281 kW
 Compare condition <

Set group DI control -
 Group 1

| | Group 1 | Group 2 |
|-----------------|---------|---------|
| Pick-up setting | -114 kW | 5746 kW |
| Pick-up setting | -2 %Sn | 100 %Sn |
| Operation delay | 0.50 s | 0.50 s |

Common settings
 Hysteresis 0.5 %
 No compare limit for mode < 0 %Sn



Enhanced logic
 The logic editor has now more color to enable better viewing of active statuses. Furthermore, now each input status can be also seen on-line in VAMPSET view.

Syncrocheck

VAMP255 and 230 feeder / motor managers includes a function that will check synchronism when the circuit-breaker is closed. The function will monitor voltage amplitude, frequency and phase angle difference between two voltages. Since there are two stages available, it is possible to monitor three voltages. The voltages can be busbar and line or busbar and busbar (bus coupler).

SYNCHROCHECK 1 25

Enable for Sync1
 Voltage input U12/U12y

| | Frequency | Voltage | Angle |
|---------|-----------|----------|--------|
| Side 1: | 49.675 Hz | 45.3 %Un | 30.0 ° |
| Side 2: | 49.675 Hz | 47.5 %Un | 30.8 ° |
| Diff: | 0.000 Hz | 2.2 %Un | 0.9 ° |

STATUS

| | |
|---------------------|----|
| Voltage status | LL |
| Sync status | No |
| Request time status | - |
| Sync requests | 0 |
| Sync counter | 0 |
| Fail counter | 0 |

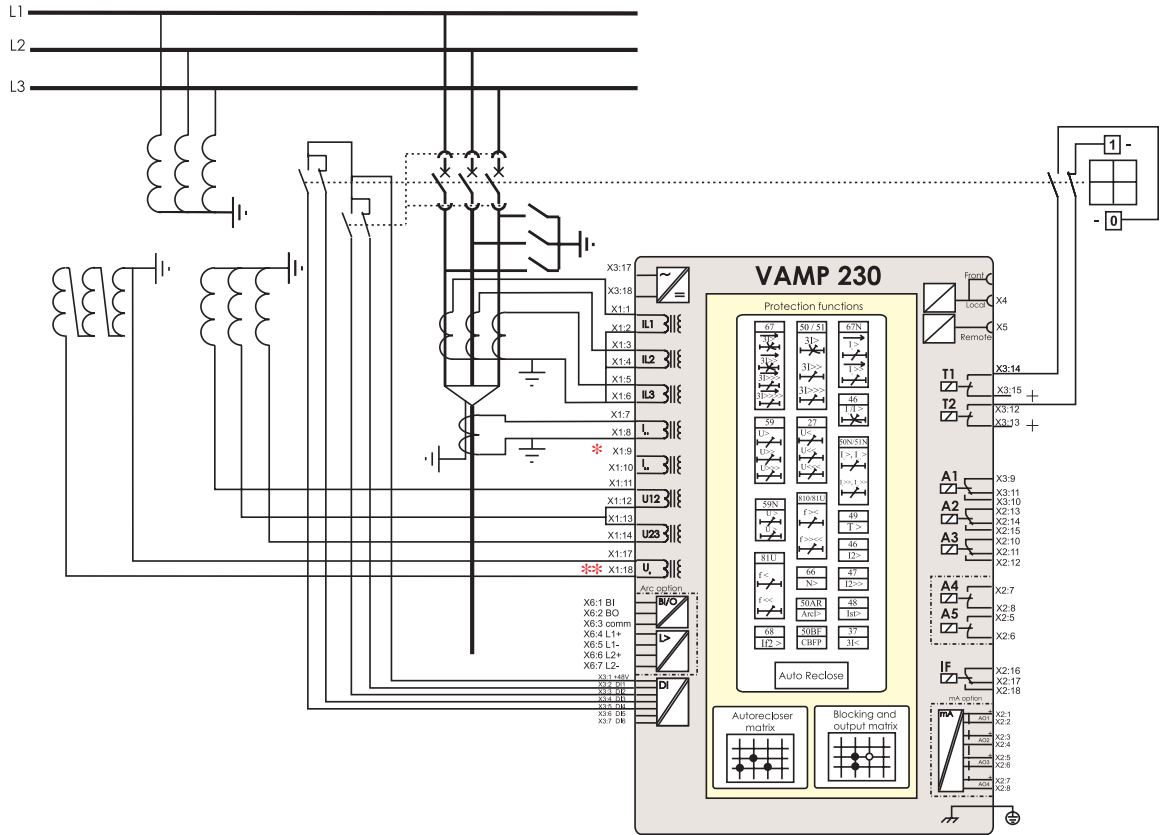
CONTROL SETTINGS

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| CB object | Obj1 |
| Sync mode | Sync |
| Voltage check mode | LD |
| CB close time | 0.10 s |
| Bypass DI | - |
| Bypass | 0 |
| CB CONTROL | - |
| Sync info for mimic display | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

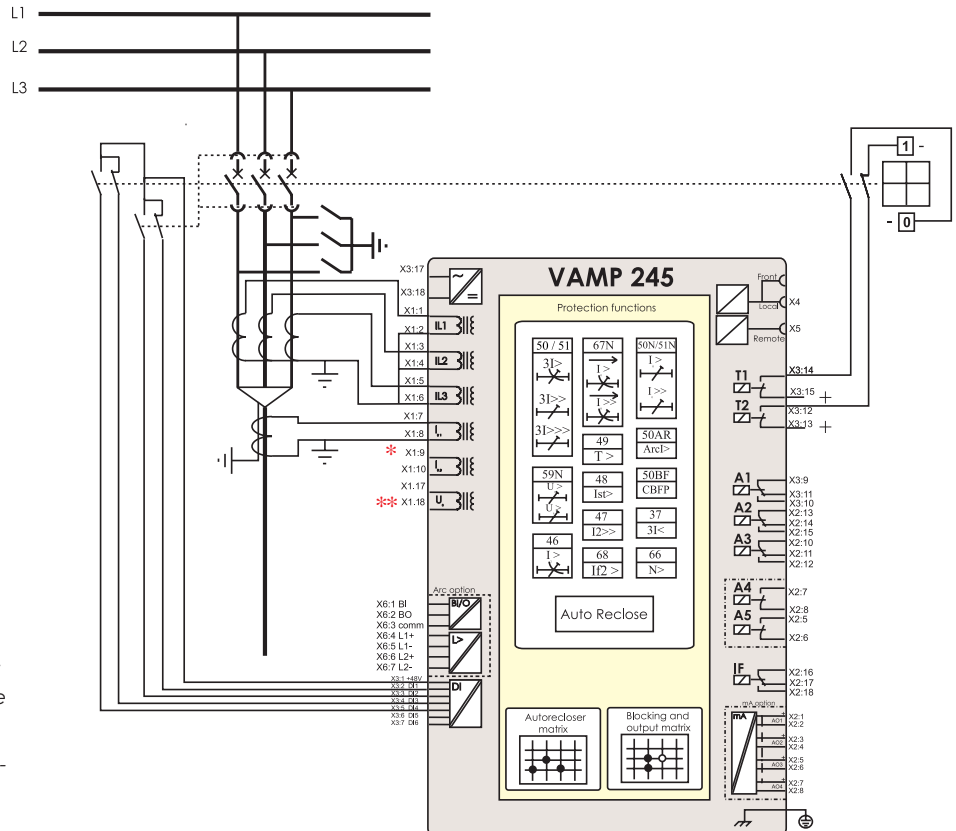


Connection diagrams

VAMP 230 connection diagram



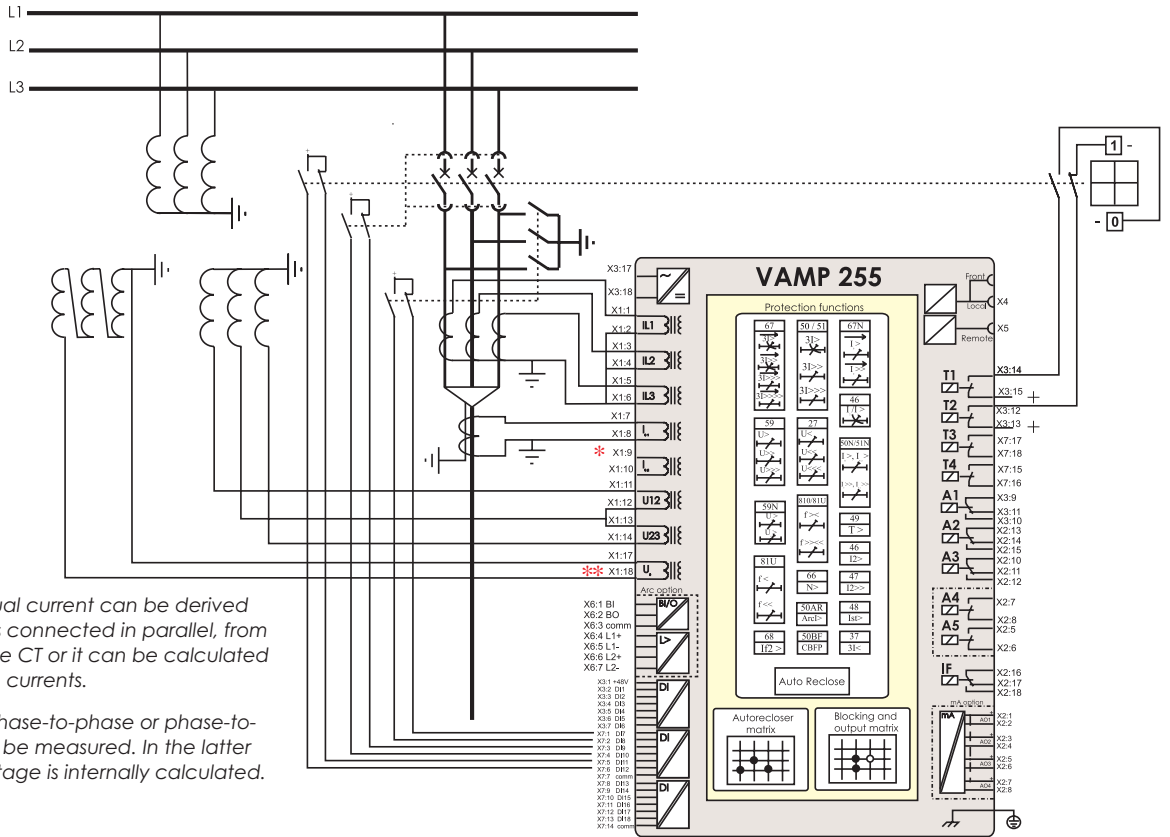
VAMP 245 connection diagram



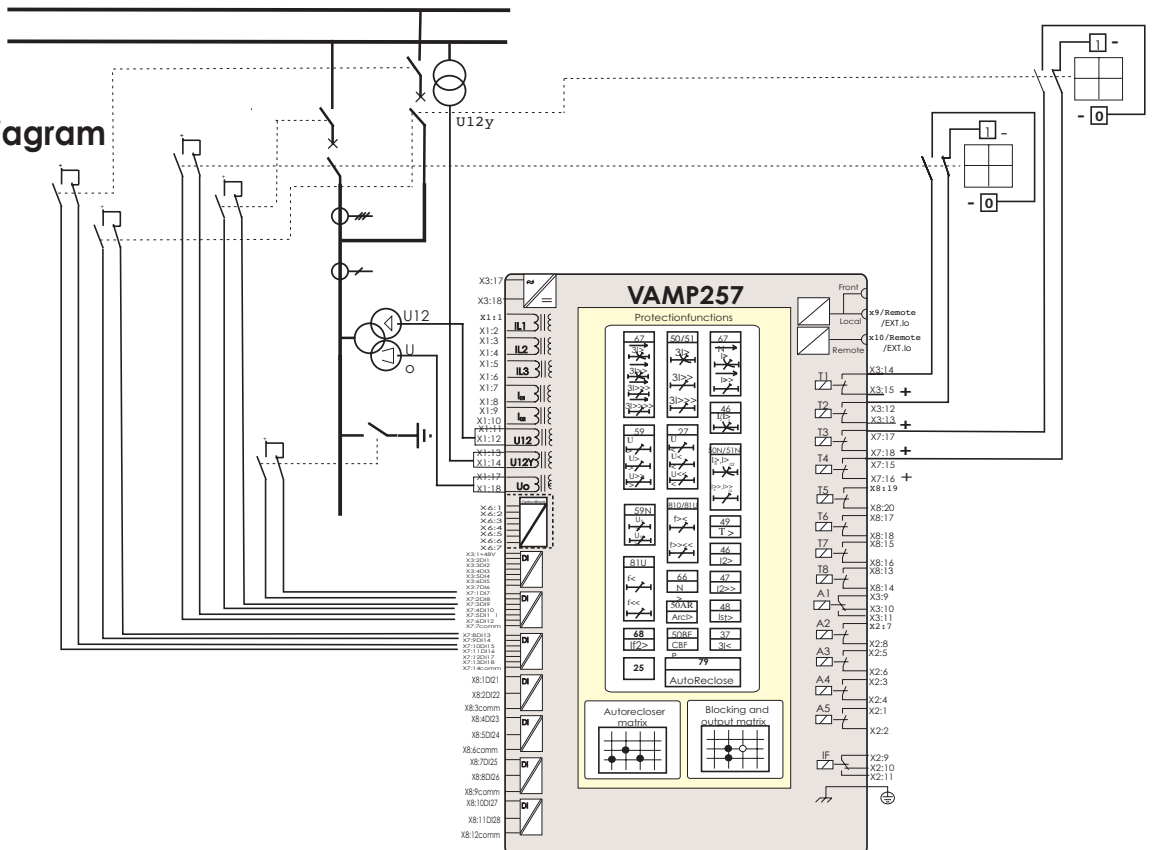
*) Note 1. The residual current can be derived from three phase CTs connected in parallel, from a core balance cable CT or it can be calculated from the three phase currents.

**) Note 2. Either phase-to-phase or phase-to-neutral voltages can be measured. In the latter case the residual voltage is internally calculated.

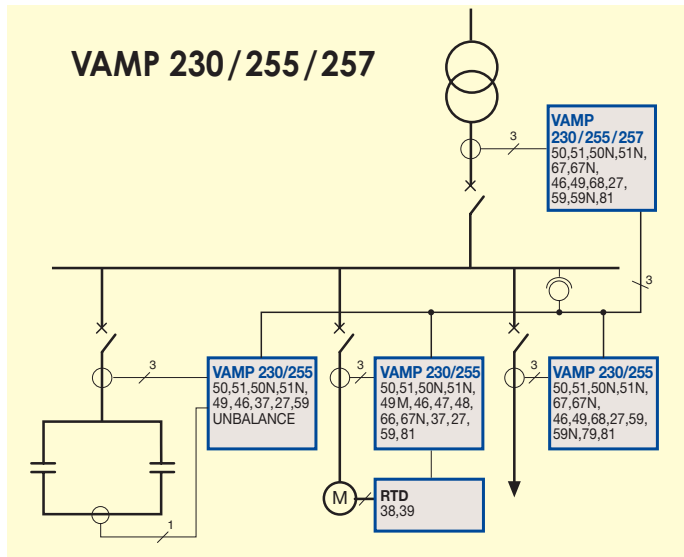
VAMP 255 connection diagram



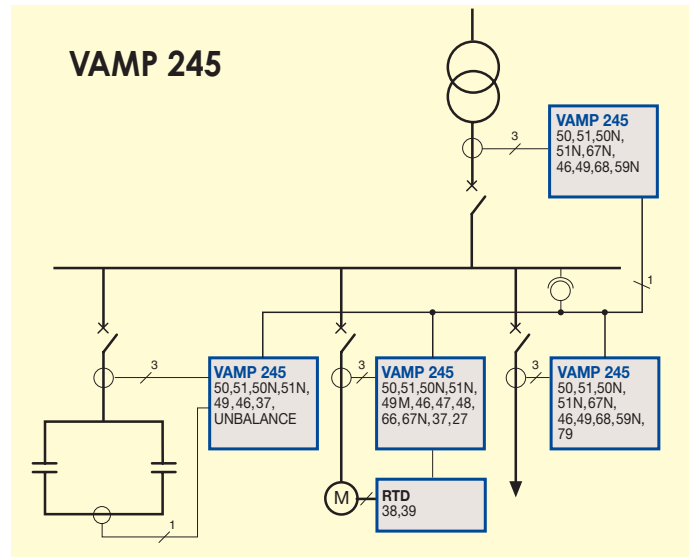
VAMP 257 connection diagram



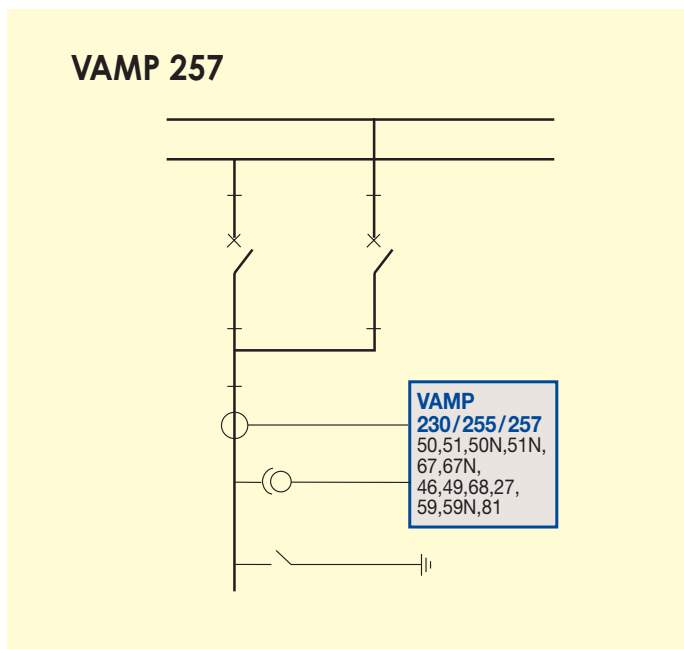
Typical applications



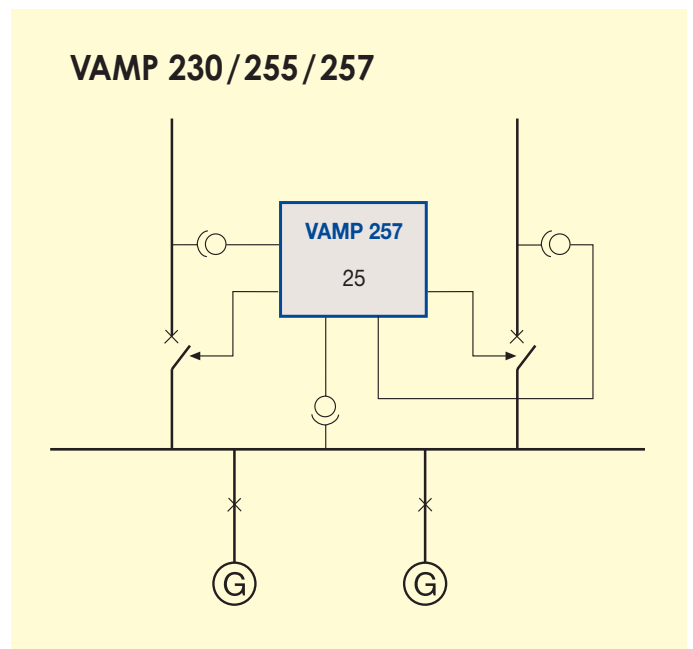
Use of feeder managers for capacitor banks, motors and incoming / outgoing feeders where a three phase voltage, phase and residual current as well as residual voltage connections are required. The RTD module interface with the VAMP feeder manager in order to capture temperature measurements from a motor for instance.



VAMP 245 feeder manager is optimized for capacitor banks, motors and incoming / outgoing feeders where a three phase current, residual current and residual voltage connections are required. The RTD module interface with the VAMP feeder manager in order to capture temperature measurements from a motor for instance.

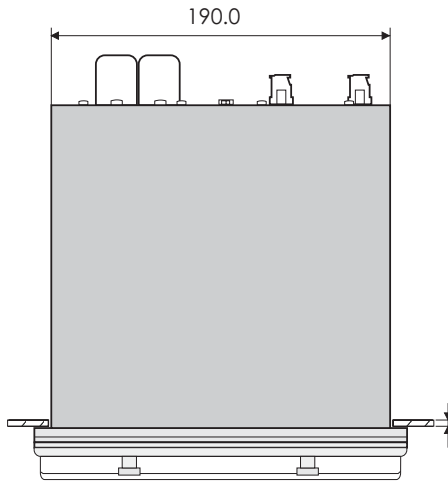
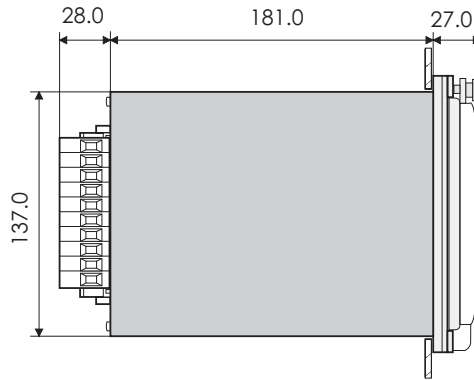
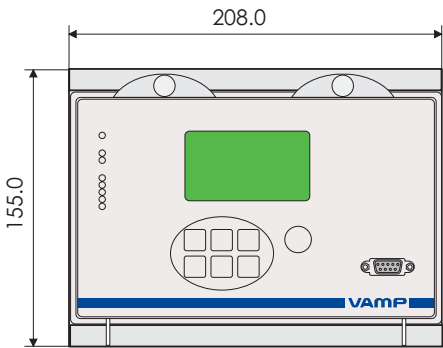


In order to control, collect and display the status information of the primary equipment of the double busbar switchgear, a large number of digital inputs and outputs are required. VAMP 257 feeder manager is designed for double busbar systems and other applications requiring extended I/O amounts.

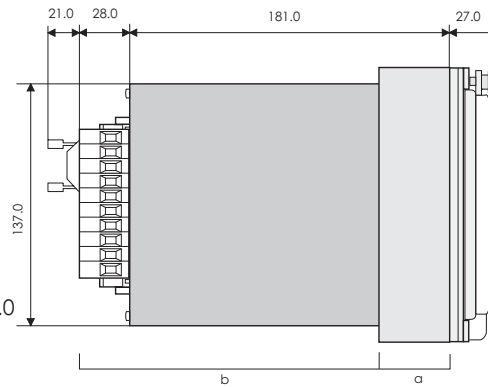


Standard feature of the VAMP 230 / 255 / 257 feeder managers incorporate voltage and synchrocheck functionality. The feeder manager allows safe connection of three alternative voltage sources together.

Dimensional Drawings



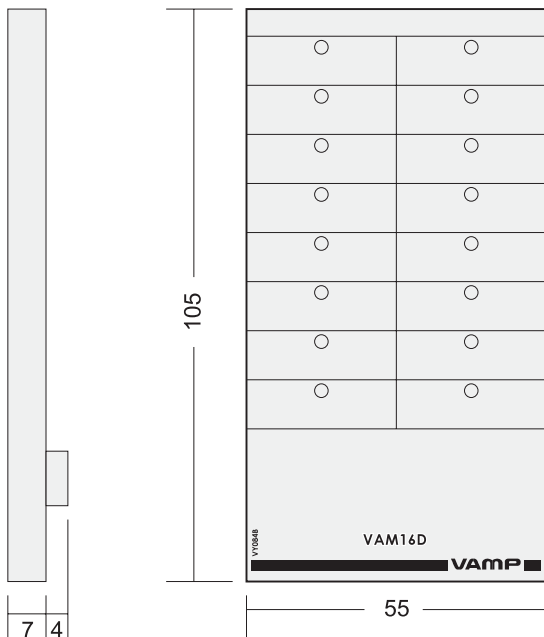
Semi-flush mounting



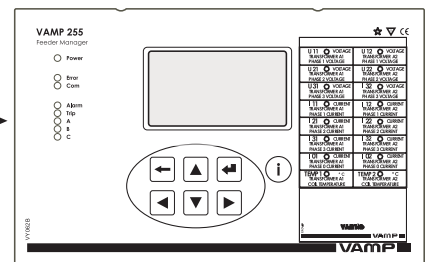
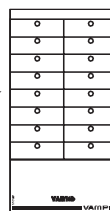
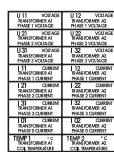
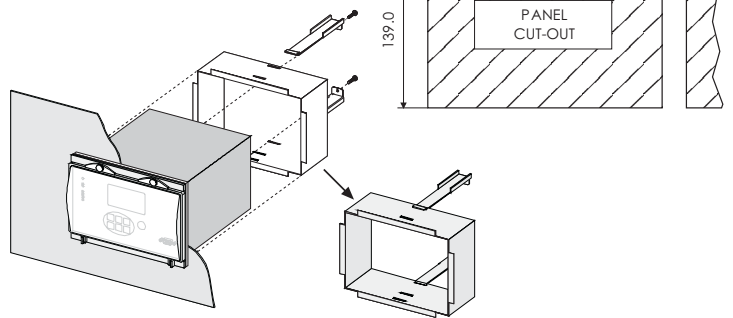
Depth with raising frames

| Type designation | a | b |
|------------------|-------|----------|
| VYX 076 | 40 mm | 169.0 mm |
| VYX 077 | 60 mm | 149.0 mm |

External led module VAM 16D



Panel mounting



Order Codes

Feeder Manager VAMP 257

VAMP 257 - 3

- Nominal current [A]**
 - 3 = 1A / 5A
- Nominal earth-fault current lo1 & lo2 [A]**
 - C = 1A / 5A
 - D = 0.2A / 1A
- Additional I/O (X8 terminal)**
 - 6 = None
 - 7 = 8 inputs and 4 outputs
 - 8 = 10 outputs
 - 9 = for future purposes
- Supply voltage [V]**
 - A = 40.. 265Vac/dc
 - B = 18.. 36Vdc
 - C = 40.. 265Vac/dc + ARC Protection
 - D = 18.. 36Vdc + ARC Protection
 - E = 40.. 265Vac/dc + DI19, DI20 Optional
 - F = 18.. 36Vdc + DI19, DI20 Optional
- Optional hardware (communication port 1)**
 - A = TTL/RS-232
 - B = Plastic/Plastic fibre interface (VCM fiber PP)
 - C = N/A
 - D = RS 485 Interface (VCM 485-4)
 - E = Glass/Glass Optic Interface (VCM fiber GG)
 - F = Plastic/Glass Optic Interface (VCM fiber PG)
 - G = Glass/Plastic Optic Interface (VCM fiber GP)
 - H = RJ-45 connection (Ethernet, VCM TCP)
 - I = RJ-45 connection (RS-232, VCM 232)
- Optional hardware (communication port 2)**
 - A = None
 - B = RJ-45 connection (Ethernet, VCM TCP)
 - C = RJ-45 connection (RS-232, VCM 232)
 - D = RS-485 Interface (VCM 485-2)

Accessories :

| Order Code | Explanation | Note |
|------------|--|-----------------|
| VEA 3 CG | Ethernet Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VPA 3 CG | Profibus Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VSE001 | Fiber optic Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VSE002 | RS485 Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VX003-3 | Programming Cable (VAMPSet, VEA 3 CG+200serie) | Cable length 3m |
| VX004-M3 | TTL/RS232 Converter Cable (for PLC, VEA3CG+200serie) | Cable length 3m |
| VX007-F3 | TTL/RS232 Converter Cable (for VPA 3 CG or VMA 3 CG) | Cable length 3m |
| VX008-4 | TTL/RS232 Converter Cable (for Modem MD42, ILPH, ..) | Cable length 4m |
| VA 1 DA-6 | Arc Sensor | Cable length 6m |
| VYX076 | Raising Frame for 200-series | Height 40mm |
| VYX077 | Raising Frame for 200-series | Height 60mm |
| VCM TCP | Ethernet Interface Module, RJ-45, integrated for VAMP257 | VAMP Ltd |
| VCM 485-4 | RS-485 Interface Module, integrated for VAMP257 (5) | VAMP Ltd |
| VCM 485-2 | RS-485 Interface Module, integrated for VAMP257 (3) | VAMP Ltd |
| VCM fiber | Fiber Interface Module, integrated for VAMP257 | VAMP Ltd |
| VCM 232 | RS-232 Interface Module, RJ-45, integrated for VAMP257 | VAMP |

Feeder Managers VAMP 255/245/230

VAMP - 3 C 7

- Manager type**
 - 255 = VAMP 255 feeder manager
 - 245 = VAMP 245 feeder manager
 - 230 = VAMP 230 feeder manager
- Nominal current [A]**
 - = 1A / 5A
- Nominal earth-fault current lo1 & lo2 [A]**
 - C = 1A / 5A
- Frequency [Hz]**
 - 7 = 50/60Hz
- Supply voltage [V]**
 - A = 40.. 265Vac/dc
 - B = 18.. 36Vdc
 - C = 40.. 265Vac/dc + ARC Protection
 - D = 18.. 36Vdc + ARC Protection
 - E = 40.. 265Vac/dc + DI19, DI20 Optional
 - F = 18.. 36Vdc + DI19, DI20 Optional
- Optional hardware**
 - A = None
 - B = Plastic/Plastic fibre interface
 - C = Profibus Interface
 - D = RS 485 Interface
 - E = Glass/Glass Optic Interface
 - F = Plastic/Glass Optic Interface
 - G = Glass/Plastic Optic Interface
- Optional software**
 - A = None
 - B = Four mA outputs

Accessories :

| Order Code | Explanation | Note |
|-------------|---|------------------------|
| VEA 3 CG | Ethernet Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VPA 3 CG | Profibus Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VSE001 | Fiber optic Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VSE002 | RS485 Interface Module | VAMP Ltd |
| VX003-3 | Programming Cable (VAMPSet, VEA3 CG+200-series) | Cable length 3m |
| VX004-M3 | TTL/RS232 Converter Cable (for PLC, VEA3CG+200-series) | Cable length 3m |
| VX007-F3 | TTL/RS232 Converter Cable (for VPA3 CG or VMA 3 CG) | Cable length 3m |
| VX008-4 | TTL/RS232 Converter Cable (for Modem MD42, ILPH, ..) | Cable length 4m |
| VA 1 DA-6 | Arc Sensor | Cable length 6m |
| VYX076 | Raising Frame for 200-series | Height 40mm |
| VYX077 | Raising Frame for 200-series | Height 60mm |
| DI-934MB | RTD Input Module | DataQ Instruments Inc. |
| Adam 4015-B | RTD Input Module | Advantech Co., Ltd |
| VAM 16D | External LED module | Vamp Ltd |



Technical Data, Tests and Environmental Conditions

Measuring circuitry

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Rated current In | 1...10 A (software parameter) |
| - Current measuring range | 0...250 A (0...50 x In [In=5 A]; 0...250 x In [In=1 A]) |
| - Thermal withstand | 20 A (continuously) 100 A (for 10 s) 500 A (for 1 s) |
| - Burden | < 0.2 VA |
| Rated current Ion | 1 A |
| - Current measuring range | 0...10 A (0...10 x Ion) |
| Rated current Io2n | 5 A |
| - Current measuring range | 0...50 A (0...10 x Io2n) |
| Rated voltage Un | 50 - 120 V (configurable) |
| - Voltage measuring range | 0 - 175 V (100 V/110 V) |
| - Continuous voltage withstand | 250 V |
| - Burden | < 0.5V A |
| Rated frequency fn | 50 / 60 Hz (45 - 65 Hz) |
| - Frequency measuring range | 16 - 75 Hz |
| Terminal block: | Maximum wire dimension: |
| - Solid or stranded wire | 4 mm ² (10-12 AWG) |

Auxiliary voltage

| | Type A (standard) | Type B (option) |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Rated voltage Uaux | 40 - 265 V ac/dc 110/120/220/240 V ac 48/60/110/125/220 V dc | 18...36 V dc 24 V dc |
| Power consumption | < 7 W (normal conditions) < 15 W (output relays activated) | |
| Max. permitted interruption time | < 50 ms (110 V dc) | |
| Terminal block: | Maximum wire dimension: | |
| - Phoenix MVSTBW or equivalent | 2.5 mm ² (13-14 AWG) | |

Package

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Dimensions (W x H x D) | 215 x 160 x 275 |
| Weight (Terminal, Package and Manual) | 5.2 kg |

Disturbance tests

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Emission (EN 50081-1) | |
| - Conducted (EN 55022B) | 0.15 - 30 MHz |
| - Emitted (CISPR 11) | 30 - 1 000 MHz |
| Immunity (EN 50082-2) | |
| - Static discharge (ESD) | EN 61000-4-2, class III 6 kV contact discharge 8 kV air discharge |
| - Fast transients (EFT) | EN 61000-4-4, class III 2 kV, 5/50 ns, 5 kHz, +/- |
| - Surge | EN 61000-4-5, class III 2 kV, 1.2/50 µs, common mode 1 kV, 1.2/50 µs, differential mode |
| - Conducted HF field | EN 61000-4-6 0.15 - 80 MHz, 10 V/m |
| - Emitted HF field | EN 61000-4-3 80 - 1000 MHz, 10 V/m |
| - GSM test | ENV 50204 900 MHz, 10 V/m, pulse modulated |

Test voltages

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Insulation test voltage (IEC 60255-5) | 2 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min |
| Surge voltage (IEC 60255-5) | 5 kV, 1.2/50 µs, 0.5 J |

Mechanical tests

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Vibration (IEC 60255-21-1) | 10...60 Hz, amplitude ±0.035 mm 60...150 Hz, acceleration 0.5g sweep rate 1 octave/min 20 periods in X-, Y- and Z axis direction |
| Shock (IEC 60255-21-1) | half sine, acceleration 5 g, duration 11 ms 3 shocks in X-, Y- and Z axis direction |

Environmental conditions

| | |
|--|---|
| Operating temperature | 0 to +55 °C |
| Transport and storage temperature | -40 to +70 °C |
| Relative humidity | < 75% (1 year, average value) < 90% (30 days per year, no condensation permitted) |

Tests performed by third party accredited laboratory SGS.

Functionality verified by KEMA





Vamp Ltd is a Finnish company specialized in developing and manufacturing of protection relays needed for the electrical power generation and distribution system. Vamp Ltd offers complete MV protection and arc-protection family.

Our success is based on competitive standard products, constant development by our designers possessing experience from three protection relay generations, our long-term partnerships, flexibility and 24 hour care of the customers.

Our organization has been audited and found to be in accordance with the requirements of the ISO 9001:2000 management system.

Vamp Ltd is a member of the Vaasa Electronics Group Ltd.

| | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
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